CORONATION GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND

Fund Information as at 31 May 2025



WHAT IS THE FUND'S OBJECTIVE?

The Global Emerging Markets Fund aims to give investors access to the best opportunities in emerging equity markets. The fund actively seeks out undervalued shares to maximise long-term growth. Our intent is to outperform the emerging equity benchmark over all periods of five years and longer.

WHAT DOES THE FUND INVEST IN?

The fund invests in the shares of companies which are either based in emerging countries, or earn a significant part of their revenue from emerging economies. It will be fully invested in shares at all times. The fund is mandated to use derivative instruments for efficient portfolio management purposes.

IMPORTANT PORTFOLIO CHARACTERISTICS AND RISKS

Global Emerging Markets will only invest in shares we view as being attractively valued and which may offer superior long-term investment growth.

The fund's share selection is the result of rigorous international research conducted by Coronation's investment team.

While we have a disciplined approach to reducing risk, shares can be volatile investments and there is a meaningful risk of capital loss over the short term. Emerging markets are generally viewed as more risky than developed markets. Global currency movements may intensify investment gains or declines.

HOW LONG SHOULD INVESTORS REMAIN INVESTED?

The fund is managed to deliver the best possible returns over the long term; an investment horizon of 10 years or more is therefore ideal. It is not suitable as a single investment for investors who need to preserve their capital over five years or less.

WHO SHOULD CONSIDER INVESTING IN THE FUND?

Investors who are building wealth, and who

- are comfortable with full exposure to shares in emerging markets;
- accept that the fund may underperform the market significantly in the short term in pursuit of superior long-term gains;
- hold other investments and are looking for exposure to emerging markets;
- > do not require an income from their investment.

WHAT COSTS CAN I EXPECT TO PAY?

An annual fee of 0.95% is payable. This fee is applicable from 1 October 2024 and was reduced from 1.00% with effect from that date.

Fund expenses that are incurred in the fund include administrative, trading, custody and audit charges. All performance information is disclosed after deducting all fees and other portfolio costs.

We do not charge any fees to access or withdraw from the fund.

More detail is available on www.coronation.com.

WHO ARE THE FUND MANAGERS?

GAVIN	SUHAIL	IAKOVOS			
JOUBERT	SULEMAN	MEKIOS			
BBusSc, CA (SA), CFA	BBusSc, CFA	Ptychion (BSc), MIA, IMC,			
		CEA			

GENERAL FUND INFORMATION

Fund Launch Date	14 July 2008
Class	Р
Class Type	Accumulation
Class Launch Date	28 May 2013
Fund Domicile	Ireland
Momingstar Fund Category	Global Emerging Markets – Equity
Currency	US Dollar
Benchmark	MSCI Emerging Markets Index
Bloomberg	CORUSDC
ISIN	IE00B433GD87
SEDOL	B433GD8

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CORONATION GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND

CORONATION

TRUST IS EARNED

Launch date 28 May 2013 US\$ 1.33 billion Fund size 13.77 NAV

Benchmark MSCI Emerging Markets Index Portfolio manager/s

Gavin Joubert, Suhail Suleman and

Jan 25
Jan 24
Jan 23
Jan 22
Jan 21
Jan 21
Jan 20
Jan 19
Jan 18

lakovos Mekios

PERFORMANCE AND RISK STATISTICS GROWTH OF A US\$100,000 INVESTMENT (AFTER FEES) US\$192 574

PERFORMANCE FOR VARIOUS PERIODS (AFTER FEES)

Jan 16 Jan 15 Jan 14 Jan 13 Jan 12 Jan 11 Jan 10 Jan 09

	Fund	Benchmark
Since Launch (unannualised)	92.6%	70.8%
Since Launch (annualised)	3.9%	3.2%
Latest 15 years (annualised)	4.1%	4.1%
Latest 10 years (annualised)	2.6%	4.0%
Latest 5 years (annualised)	3.0%	7.1%
Latest 3 years (annualised)	9.5%	5.1%
Latest 1 year	10.3%	13.0%
Year to date	13.5%	8.7%

RISK STATISTICS SINCE LAUNCH

	Fund	Benchmark
Annualised Deviation	22.8%	20.3%
Sharpe Ratio	0.12	0.10
Maximum Gain	99.4%	56.3%
Maximum Drawdown	(49.6)%	(51.4)%
Positive Months	54.7%	55.2%
	Fund	Date Range
Highest annual return	106.2%	Mar 2009 - Feb 2010
Lowest annual return	(44.3%)	Jul 2021 - Jun 2022

Total Expense Ratio 1.12% 1.10% 0.99% 0.99% Fund management fee Fund expenses 0.14% 0.12% VAT 0.00% 0.00% Transaction costs (inc. VAT) 0.23% 0.24% Total Investment Charge 1.36% 1.35%

PORTFOLIO DETAIL

EFFECTIVE GEOGRAPHIC EXPOSURE	
Country	31 May 2025
Equities	99.5%
China	25.8%
Brazil	14.0%
South Korea	10.8%
India	8.8%
Taiwan	8.1%
Singapore	7.1%
France	3.4%
Italy	3.0%
South Africa	2.8%
Indonesia	2.7%
Other	13.1%
Cash	0.5%
USD	0.6%
Other	(0.1)%

TOP 10 HOLDINGS

As at 31 May 2025	% of Fund
Tsmc (Taiwan)	5.9%
Nu Holdings (Brazil)	4.8%
Coupang (South Korea)	4.2%
Prosus (China)	4.1%
Jd.com (China)	3.8%
Sea (Singapore)	3.7%
Grab Holdings (Singapore)	3.5%
Hdfc Bank Limited (India)	3.5%
Mercado Libre (Brazil)	3.4%
Airbus Group Se (France)	3.4%

SECTORAL EXPOSURE

As at 31 May 2025	Fund
Consumer Discretionary	40.9%
Financials	19.3%
Information Technology	13.5%
Industrials	12.8%
Communication Services	6.8%
Consumer Staples	4.0%
Energy	2.2%
Cash	0.6%

MONTHLY PERFORMANCE RETURNS (AFTER FEES)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	YTD
Fund 2025	3.9%	0.4%	(1.2)%	2.9%	7.1%								13.5%
Fund 2024	(3.0)%	4.9%	3.6%	0.3%	2.6%	(1.5)%	(2.7)%	2.0%	9.5%	(3.8)%	(2.0)%	(3.7)%	5.4%
Fund 2023	11.6%	(7.6)%	2.3%	(1.5)%	(4.2)%	6.4%	6.7%	(5.9)%	(5.0)%	(4.4)%	9.8%	3.3%	9.7%
Fund 2022	(3.4)%	(13.0)%	(6.6)%	(9.0)%	0.7%	(6.7)%	4.4%	(0.5)%	(10.5)%	(2.2)%	18.4%	(0.2)%	(28.0)%
Fund 2021	2.2%	1.2%	(1.0)%	0.3%	0.6%	(0.4)%	(8.4)%	1.8%	(5.5)%	1.0%	(6.4)%	(0.2)%	(14.4)%

Please refer to page 4 of the Comprehensive Fact Sheet for important additional infomation, including change in cost disclosures. Issue date: 2025/06/13

CORONATION GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND

Quarterly Portfolio Manager Commentary



Please note that the commentary is for the discounted class of the Fund.

The Fund returned 3.0% during the first quarter of 2025, , marginally ahead of the benchmark MSCI Global Emerging Markets (Net) Total Return Index. Over the past three years, the Fund has now returned 3.0% p.a., comfortably ahead of the 1.4% p.a. return of the benchmark. We remain committed to improving the five- and 10-year relative returns, both of which are below the market return. Since its inception in July 2008, the Fund has outperformed the benchmark by 0.5% p.a.

The sell-off in technology, and specifically semiconductor stocks, was the big theme in global markets in the quarter (and has continued post quarter-end), and with the Fund being 4.5% underweight TSMC relative to its 10% benchmark weight, the -16% return from TSMC in the quarter ended up being the biggest contributor to the Fund's outperformance in Q1 (0.9% positive relative contribution). We have made the point a few times that whilst we believe that TSMC is a great company and its role in keeping the world going is indispensable (no one else can make the high-end chips that go into all the advanced electronics the world uses), a 5-6% position (as opposed to an 'overweight' 10-12% position) was appropriate given TSMC's valuation, other opportunities in Emerging Markets, and the geopolitical risk of having 95% of its production based in Taiwan (including almost all the high-end chips). Historically, TSMC's stellar share price performance has cost the Fund relative performance (-1.5% in 2024 as an example), but the sharp decline so far this year has now benefited the Fund on a relative basis. With TSMC at the time of writing down 30% YTD and trading on 13x this year's earnings, we have been slowly adding to the position.

The second largest contributor to relative performance was SEA Limited (SEA), which returned 23% and provided 0.7% of outperformance. SEA reported great results for 2024, and this, together with raised guidance for 2025, was a big driver of the upward movement in the share price. For the year as a whole, revenue was up 29% on 2023, but in the fourth quarter of 2024, revenue growth had accelerated to 37% year on year (YoY).

Most pleasingly, having been in the "loss-making" categorisation of the Fund from the time it was first bought, SEA has now graduated into the profitable camp with all divisions making a positive EBITDA (Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation & Amortisation) contribution and net income being positive for the last three quarters as well as for 2024 as a whole. For 2025, SEA management has guided to around 20% growth in Gross Merchandise Value (GMV) in ecomerce, and after some time of heavy pressure in their Digital Entertainment (gaming) business (the cash cow that has funded all their other ventures), they have guided to double-digit revenue growth there. At the end of March, SEA was a 4% position in the Fund.

Other material positive contributors were MercadoLibre (MELI; 15% return, 0.6% positive contribution), JD.com (18% return, 0.5% contribution) and Tencent Music Entertainment (26% return, 0.5% contribution). In the case of MELI, the positive share price movement was a reversal of what we saw in the fourth quarter, with the Brazilian real strengthening (Brazil is its most important market) and Argentina continuing its stabilisation programme under the Milei government. In the fourth quarter, MELI saw revenue grow 37% YoY, with Brazil up 38% and Mexico up 43% (both YoY). Net income for the quarter was almost 4 times higher than that of the comparable quarter in 2023. MELI continues to grow its market share in a growing market despite its already large size. Its years of investment into growing its ecosystem of sellers as well as improving its logistics and fulfilment capabilities (getting packages to buyers) have seen its market share increase to 42%. SEA's competing Shopee operation has also grown its market share strongly in Brazil and is now the number two player, having overtaken Magazine Luiza.

The biggest detractor in the period was Alibaba, which the Fund does not own but is now, after a 55% upward move in the quarter, a 3.3% weight in the benchmark. This underweight cost the Fund 1.2% relative performance. There are a few reasons why we haven't owned Alibaba (the Fund sold out of Alibaba in mid-2022), but the short summary is that, firstly, the Fund already has positions in JD.com and Pinduoduo (both China ecommerce) and from a portfolio risk point of view, we wish to limit overall Fund exposure to any one sector in a single country. Secondly, Alibaba has bled ecommerce market share to JD.com and Pinduoduo, as well as the live streaming companies like ByteDance. Having been highly dominant with 90% market share a decade ago, Alibaba now has less than 40% share of a much larger market. Alibaba has derated massively over time as its growth slowed and it spent more and more on its cloud and other divisions, and the decision not to own it has largely been correct. It is, therefore, important to understand what changed in such a short period of time to warrant a 55% move in the share price.

In our view, there are two main developments. Firstly, the Chinese government appears to be far more positively predisposed to Alibaba and the private sector in general. We have previously discussed the broader evolution in thinking by the government to the private sector as the Chinese economy has slowed, but in Alibaba's case, the rehabilitation of the founder Jack Ma is a significant positive development – he appeared onstage with China's president at a high profile government event in mid-February, having become almost invisible since their financial services arm Ant Financial had its high profile initial public offering pulled by authorities in 2021. The second main development was the announcement by China-based DeepSeek that they had produced AI models on par with those of Open AI in the US at a fraction of the cost. This set off a scramble for Al investment in China, and in Alibaba's results release in February, it was announced that they would be spending RMB380bn (about \$50bn) in capex on the cloud segment over the next few years. This announcement is largely what drove the increase in the share price. Although there is potentially significant opportunity in Alibaba, we are a bit more circumspect on the company's long-term moat in AI. China's state-owned entities have invested heavily in cloud infrastructure, as have private sector entities like Baidu and Tencent. It is, therefore, far from certain that the heavy spending announced on cloud capex will generate meaningful financial returns for shareholders. The deeper issues with market share losses to better operators in ecommerce remain unchanged. We. therefore, retain our existing exposures to China ecommerce via JD.com (4.1% of Fund) and

The Turkish hard discount retailer BIM returned -19% in the quarter and cost 0.6% of performance. Most of this move took place in mid-March when Turkey's flawed democratic credentials were

worsened by the arrest of the country's leading opposition politician, the Istanbul mayor, who was about to be nominated by his party as their next candidate to take on the current president, Recep Tayyip Erdogan. The charges against the mayor are widely believed to be false and aimed at keeping him from challenging the incumbent, who has led the country in some form or another for over 20 years. The stock market and currency both fell sharply but subsequently recovered some of their losses.

We do not believe these negative political developments materially alter the long-term value of BIM. Historically, periods of currency weakness and high inflation have benefited this business as its value proposition becomes even more compelling in times of hardship. Our main concern has always been that unorthodox monetary policy destroys the value of the currency since we seek market-beating returns in dollars from the investments in the Fund, and from this perspective, the monetary authorities have stuck to high interest rates to bring down inflation and protect the currency.

This ended up being a reasonably busy quarter in terms of new buys and sells. This is to be expected in a volatile market where opportunities are constantly evolving. In India, the Fund bought the two leading food delivery companies, which effectively operate as a duopoly: Zomato (a previous holding that was sold) and Swiggy, a new listing that is part-owned by Prosus. These two businesses are now collectively 1.2% of Fund. Our thinking on the opportunity for these two stocks has evolved over time as we have come to appreciate that their addressable market is much wider than just food delivery. India is the third largest grocery market in the world, and 95% of it is informal, with small "kirana" stores (unbranded traditional convenience) dominating the sector. Less than 1% of sales are via ecommerce. The market opportunity here for Zomato and Swiggy is unparalleled, and they offer better selection and prices already, with the potential to take a significant portion of this market online.

With continued good execution, there is no reason why quick commerce cannot get to 5% market share within the next five years (from 0.3% in 2024), which implies one percentage point in annual market share gains in an overall market that is also growing strongly. Zomato and Swiggy are in a strong position to capture a large share of this, and together with their lead in food delivery, we believe they offer compelling long-term upside.

Partly as a hedge against heightened volatility and strained geopolitics (Russia/Ukraine, the Middle East, US tariffs, China/Taiwan), we bought AngloGold back into the Fund (having previously owned it for a long period) and the purchases, together with strong share price performance, meant this was a 1.7% position by quarter end. Gold mining stocks are often very frustrating investments one doesn't always get the full benefit of higher gold prices feeding through to stock returns, but we believe AngloGold has ample self-help opportunities, and the position brings some valuable diversification to an investment portfolio given that AngloGold's earnings are geared towards changes in gold prices (the cost of digging the gold out of the ground doesn't change significantly in the short term, but earnings can swing wildly up or down with gold price moves). At spot gold prices of around \$3 100 an ounce, AngloGold is trading on 6x forward earnings and offers a 5% dividend yield. Even at a gold price of \$2 500, AngloGold is still attractive.

Other new buys included New Oriental Education (0.9% at quarter-end), Galaxy Entertainment (Macau gaming; 0.7% at quarter end) and TBC Bank in Georgia (0.6% at quarter-end). To fund the buys several names were sold, with the most material sales to zero being ICICI Bank in India (1.4% at the start of the period, got closer to fair value), Samsung Electronics (1.1%, due to concerns over execution) and Yum China (1.0%, close to fair value).

We remain very positive about the long-term prospects for the Fund, with the upside at 90% at the time of writing in early April and the potential return (IRR) of 22% p.a., which are well above the long-term averages.

Assessing the impact of tariffs on Fund holdings

At the time of publication, there is extreme market volatility driven by the ever-changing situation regarding the "reciprocal" tariffs the US has proposed to implement against the rest of the world. These were then delayed for 90 days, except for China, but the new standard 10% rate remains across the board for other countries. We can take no definitive long-term view on where these tariffs end up, but for now, it does look like China will be more affected than anyone else out of the major exporters to the US. Tariffs are unlikely to deliver on their stated goal of returning large-scale manufacturing to the US, particularly of low-value-added consumer goods. The economics of producing these goods in the US, where labour costs in manufacturing are 4- 20x higher than in emerging markets, means that such goods will always be far more expensive to produce in the US than elsewhere. For China, because it is more affected, we have carefully assessed the impact of tariffs on each of the Chinese holdings in the Fund. China's exports to the US make up less than 3% of its GDP. This is meaningful, but manageable. There is very little direct exposure to US trade within the Chinese holdings in the Fund, most of which are fully domestic operations, with the few stocks with large non-China exposure mostly exporting to, or operating in, the rest of Asia and/or Europe.

Portfolio managers Gavin Joubert, Suhail Suleman and Iakovos Mekios as at 31 March 2025

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CORONATION GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND

Important Information



IMPORTANT INFORMATION THAT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED BEFORE INVESTING IN THE CORONATION GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND

The Global Emerging Markets Fund should be considered a long-term investment. The value of units may go down as well as up, and therefore Coronation does not make any guarantees with respect to the protection of capital or returns. Past performance is not necessarily an indication of future performance. The fund is mandated to invest up to 100% of its portfolio into foreign securities and may as a result be exposed to macroeconomic, settlement, political, tax, reporting or illiquidity risk factors that may be different to similar investments in the South African markets. Fluctuations or movements in exchange rates may cause the value of underlying investments to go up or down. Coronation reserves the right to close the fund to new investors if we deem it necessary to limit further inflows in order for it to be managed in accordance with its mandate. Unit trusts are allowed to engage in scrip lending and borrowing. Coronation Global Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited is authorised in Ireland and regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland. The fund is approved under Section 65 of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act by the Financial Sector Conduct Authority of South Africa. Portfolio managed by Coronation Investment Management International (Pty) Ltd (FSP45646), an authorised financial services provider.

JP Morgan (Ireland) has been appointed as the fund's trustees (www.jpmorgan.com; t: +353-1-612-4000), and its custodian is JP Morgan Administration Services (Ireland) Limited (www.jpmorgan.com; t: +353-1-612-4000). Coronation is a full member of the Association for Savings & Investment SA (ASISA).

HOW ARE UNITS PRICED AND AT WHAT PRICE WILL MY TRANSACTION BE EXECUTED?

Unit trusts are traded at ruling prices set on every business day. Fund valuations take place at approximately 17h00 each business day (Irish Time) and forward pricing is used. Instructions must reach Coronation before 12h00 (SA Time) to ensure the value of the same business day. You can expect to receive withdrawal payouts three to four business days after the dealing day. Large investments or redemptions (exceeding 5% of fund value) may be subject to an anti-dilution levy to defray dealing costs and expenses. This levy, where applicable, is applied fully for the benefit of the fund.

HOW WAS THE PERFORMANCE INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THIS FACT SHEET CALCULATED?

Performance is calculated by Coronation as at the last day of the month for a lump sum investment using Class P NAV prices. Class B NAV prices were used for the period prior to the launch of Class P. All underlying price and distribution data are sourced from Morningstar. Performance figures are quoted after the deduction of all costs (including manager fees and trading costs) incurred within the fund. Note that individual investor performance may differ as a result of the actual investment date, the date of reinvestment of distributions and dividend withholding tax, where applicable. Annualised performance figures represent the geometric average return earned by the fund over the given time period. Unannualised performance represents the total return earned by the fund over the given time period, expressed as a percentage.

WHAT IS THE TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO (TER) AND TRANSACTION COSTS (TC)?

TER is calculated as a percentage of the average net asset value of the portfolio incurred as charges, levies and fees in the management of the portfolio over the period referenced. The TER charged by any underlying fund held as part of a fund's portfolio is included in the fund expenses portion of the TER, but trading and implementation costs incurred in managing the underlying fund are excluded. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER may not necessarily be an accurate indication of future TER's. The 1 year TER is for the 12 months to end of the previous financial year (updated annually). The 3 year TER is for a rolling 36-month period to the last available quarter end (December, March, June and September).

Transaction costs are a necessary cost in managing a fund and impacts the fund's return. They should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of fund, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

The Total Investment Charge is the sum of the Total Expense Ratio (TER) and transaction costs.

ADVICE AND PLATFORM COSTS

Coronation does not provide financial advice. If you appoint an adviser, advice fees are contracted directly between you and the adviser. For more information please contact the relevant platform (Linked Investment Service Provider or Life Assurance Provider).

WHERE CAN I FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION?

Additional information such as daily fund prices, brochures, application forms and a schedule of fund fees and charges is available on www.coronation.com. You will also find additional information on the considerations pertinent to investing in a fund denominated in a foreign currency and domiciled in an offshore jurisdiction.

The Prospectus of Coronation Global Opportunities Fund and Fund KIID can be sourced on the following link: https://www.coronation.com/en/institutional/strategy-information/literature/ucits-fund-library/umbrella-fund.

A summary of Investor Rights can be sourced on the following link: https://www.coronation.com/en/institutional/about-us/ucits-v-disclosure/.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING TERMS OF USE

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