

Fund Objective

The objective of the fund is to offer investors a reasonable level of current income and long-term wealth creation through active management of the portfolio.

Fund Strategy

This is an equity fund which diversifies across all sectors of the JSE and may invest a maximum of 45% in offshore assets. The fund invests in listed shares of financially sound companies that we think are mispriced by the market and offer exceptional value. These companies:

- have favourable long-term economic characteristics,
- are run by a competent management team and
- trade at a price which is attractive when measured against the long term return potential and intrinsic value of a business.

The fund may also include participatory interests of collective investment schemes and listed and unlisted financial instruments (derivatives) for efficient portfolio management.

Why Choose This Fund?

- To grow real wealth over time, through opportunities identified in SA and global listed companies.
- To invest alongside a highly experienced team with a disciplined investment process and proven track record.
- For diversified equity exposure across small, mid and large cap listed companies.
- To invest with a team that understands the risks companies face and invests in them with a sufficient margin of safety**.

Fund Information

Ticker	SNVL
Portfolio Manager	Claude van Cuyck
ASISA Fund Classification	South African - Equity - General
Risk Profile	Aggressive
Benchmark	Composite: 87.5% FTSE/JSE Capped SWIX & 12.5% MSCI World Index
Fund Size	R 1,952,868,754
Portfolio Launch Date	01/10/1998
Fee Class Launch Date	01/10/1998
Minimum Lump Sum Investment	R 10,000
Minimum Monthly Investment	R 500
Income Declaration Date	June & December
Income Pricing Date	1st business day of July & January
Portfolio Valuation Time	15:00
Transaction Cut Off Time	15:00
Month End Price	60.03
Daily Price Information	Local media & www.sanlamunittrusts.co.za
Repurchase Period	2-3 business days

Fees (Incl. VAT)	Retail Class (%)
Maximum Initial Advice Fee	3.45
Maximum Annual Advice Fee	1.15
Manager Annual Fee	1.55
TER	1.78
TC	0.10
TIC	1.88
Performance Fee	0.18
TER Measurement Period	01 April 2022 - 31 March 2025

Total Expense Ratio (TER) is the percentage value of the Financial Product that was incurred as expenses relating to the administration of the Financial Product. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER may not necessarily be an accurate indication of future TER's. The TER and Transaction Costs cannot be determined accurately because of the short life span of the Financial Product. Calculations are based on actual data where possible and best estimates where actual data is not available.

Transaction Cost (TC) is the percentage value of the Financial Product that was incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the assets underlying the Financial Product. Transaction Costs are a necessary cost in administering the Financial Product and impacts Financial Product returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Financial Product, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

Total Investment Charges (TER + TC) is the total percentage value of the Financial Product that was incurred as costs relating to the investment of the Financial Product.

Effective 1 December 2024, SCI will change a monthly administration fee of R23 (VAT Inclusive) on retail investors whose total investment value is less than R50 000. Clients with an active recurring monthly debit order will not be levied this fee

Manager Performance Fee (incl. VAT) | Performance Fee Benchmark: 87.5% of the FTSE/JSE Capped Shareholder Weighted Index (J433) and of the 12.5% MSCI World Net Total Return USD Index (NDDUWI). Base Fee: 1.53%, Fee at Benchmark: 1.53%, Fee Hurdle: 87.5% of the FTSE/JSE Capped Shareholder Weighted Index (J433) and 12.5% of the MSCI World Net Total Return USD Index (NDDUWI), Sharing Ratio: 20%, Minimum Fee: 1.53%, Maximum Fee: 3.42%, Fee Example: 1.53% p.a. if the fund performs in line with its Performance Fee Benchmark.

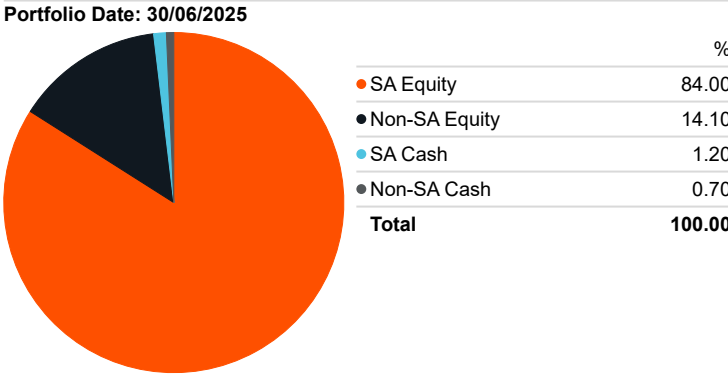
*The Denker Sanlam Collective Investments Equity Fund was renamed from the SIM Value Fund.

**The difference between our assessment of the company's value and its market price.

Top Ten Holdings

Portfolio Date	30/06/2025
Denker SCI SA Equity B3	20.25
Naspers Ltd	6.56
Denker Global Financial Fund	4.66
Denker Global Equity Fund	4.10
Prosus (PRX)	3.94
Firststrand Ltd	3.81
Anglo American Plc	3.41
Standard Bank Group Ltd	2.94
Absa Group Ltd	2.93
Sun International Ltd	2.45

Asset Allocation



Annualised Performance (%)

	Fund	Benchmark
1 Year	22.29	23.19
3 Year	15.43	16.76
5 Years	16.51	16.27
10 Years	6.81	9.12
Since Inception	15.30	14.20

Cumulative Performance (%)

	Fund	Benchmark
1 Year	22.29	23.19
3 Years	53.82	59.16
5 Years	114.68	112.49
10 Years	93.24	139.30
Since Inception	4,352.03	3,347.07

Highest and Lowest Annual Returns

Time Period: 01/01/2015 to 31/12/2024	
Highest Annual %	30.75
Lowest Annual %	-6.41

Risk Statistics (3 Year Rolling)

Standard Deviation	11.33
Sharpe Ratio	0.66
Information Ratio	-0.23
Maximum Drawdown	-7.88

Distribution History (Cents Per Unit)

30/06/2025	84.97 cpu	30/06/2024	62.13 cpu
31/12/2024	62.13 cpu	31/12/2023	74.22 cpu

Administered by



Risk Profile

Aggressive

You can afford to take on a higher level of risk (i.e. will have a greater exposure to equities in your portfolio) because of your investment time horizon, or your appetite for risk. You know that in taking the risk, you need to be patient if you want to achieve the results. So you are willing to invest for the long-term and are prepared to tolerate some volatility in the short term, in anticipation of the higher returns you expect to receive in five years or beyond.

Glossary Terms

Active Stock-picking Process

This is when asset managers actively and tactically vary their stock selections based on economic and market data, and fundamental valuations, etc. This should lessen an investor's exposure to declining markets and helps preserve capital.

Annualised Returns

Annualised return is the weighted average compound growth rate over the period measured.

Asset Allocation

Asset allocation is the percentage holding in different asset classes (i.e. equities, bonds, property, etc.). It is used to determine the level of diversification in a portfolio.

Capital Growth

Capital growth is the profit made on an investment, measured by the increase in its market value over the invested amount or cost price. It is also called capital appreciation.

Distributions

The income that is generated from an investment and given to investors through monthly, quarterly, bi-annual or annual distribution pay-outs.

Derivatives

Derivatives are instruments generally used as an instrument to protect against risk (capital losses), but can also be used for speculative purposes. Examples are futures, options and swaps.

Feeder Fund

A feeder fund is a South African-based fund that feeds exclusively into its primary foreign-based fund. It allows investors easy access to investing in an offshore fund, eliminating complicated tax and other implications. The shares of the feeder fund represent shares in the primary fund (called a master fund).

Liquidity

The ability to easily turn assets or investments into cash.

Information Ratio

The Information Ratio measures the market risk-adjusted performance of an investment or portfolio. The greater a portfolio's Information Ratio, the better its risk-adjusted performance has been compared to the market in general.

LISP (Linked Investment Service Provider)

A Linked Investment Service Provider is a financial institution which packages, distributes and administers a broad range of unit trust based investments. Any investment made through these products gives an investor a single point of entry into a selection of different investments.

Maximum Drawdown

The maximum drawdown measures the highest peak to trough loss experienced by the fund.

Money Market Instruments

A money market instrument is a low risk, highly liquid, short-term (one year or less) debt instrument, issued by financial institutions or governments, that tend to have lower returns than high-risk investments.

Participatory Interests

When you buy a unit trust, your money is pooled with that of many other investors. The total value of the pool of invested money in a unit trust fund is split into equal portions called participatory interests or units. When you invest your money in a unit trust, you buy a portion of the participatory interests in the total unit trust portfolio. Participatory interests are therefore the number of units that you have in a particular unit trust portfolio.

Regulation 28

Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act sets out prudent investment limits on certain asset classes in investment funds. It applies specifically to investments in Retirement Annuities and Preservation Funds. The allowed maximum exposures to certain asset classes is: 75% for equities; 25% for property; 45% for foreign (offshore) assets.

Sharpe Ratio

The Sharpe Ratio measures total risk-adjusted performance of an investment or portfolio. It measures the amount of risk associated with the returns generated by the portfolio and indicates whether a portfolio's returns are due to excessive risk or not. The greater a portfolio's Sharpe ratio, the better its risk-adjusted performance has been (i.e. a higher return with a contained risk profile, where the portfolio manager is not taking excessive risk to achieve those returns).

Standard Deviation

Standard deviation (also called monthly volatility) is a measure of how much returns on an investment change from month to month. It is typically used by investors to gauge the volatility expected of an investment.

Undervalued Equity Stocks/ Investing in Neglected Global Equities

This is a strategy of selecting shares that trade for less than their intrinsic values. Value investors actively seek stocks that they believe the market has undervalued. They believe the market overreacts to good and bad news, resulting in stock price movements that do not correspond with the company's actual long-term fundamentals. The result is an opportunity for value investors to profit by buying when the price is deflated.

Additional Information

All reasonable steps have been taken to ensure the information on this MDD is accurate. The information to follow does not constitute financial advice as contemplated in terms of the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act. Use or rely on this information at your own risk. Independent professional financial advice should always be sought before making an investment decision. The Sanlam Group is a full member of the Association for Savings and Investment SA. Collective investment schemes are generally medium- to long-term investments. Please note that past performances are not necessarily a guide to future performances, and that the value of investments / units / unit trusts may go down as well as up. A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the Manager. Sanlam Collective Investments (RF) Pty Ltd, a registered and approved Manager in Collective Investment Schemes in Securities. Additional information of the proposed investment, including brochures, application forms and annual or quarterly reports, can be obtained on request from the Manager, free of charge. Collective investments are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Collective investments are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any deductible expenses such as audit fees, brokerage and service fees. Actual investment performance of the portfolio and the investor will differ depending on the initial fees applicable, the actual investment date, and the date of reinvestment of income as well as dividend withholding tax. Forward pricing is used. The Manager does not provide any guarantee either with respect to the capital or the return of a portfolio. The performance of the portfolio depends on the underlying assets and variable market factors. Performance is based on NAV to NAV calculations with income reinvestments done on the ex-div date. Lump sum investment performances are quoted. The portfolio may invest in participatory interests of other unit trust portfolios. These underlying funds levy their own fees, and may result in a higher fee structure for our portfolio. All the portfolio options presented are approved collective investment schemes in terms of Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, No 45 of 2002 ("CISCA"). The Manager may borrow up to 10% the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. The fund may from time to time invest in foreign countries and therefore it may have risks regarding liquidity, the repatriation of funds, political and macroeconomic situations, foreign exchange, tax, settlement, and the availability of information. The fund may invest in financial instruments (derivatives) for efficient portfolio management purposes. The Manager has the right to close any portfolios to new investors to manage them more efficiently in accordance with their mandates. Management of the portfolio is outsourced to Denker Capital (Pty) Ltd, (FSP) Licence No. 47075, an Authorised Financial Services Provider under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act, 2002. Sanlam Collective Investments (RF) (Pty) Ltd retains full legal responsibility for the co-named portfolio. Standard Bank of South Africa Ltd is the appointed trustee of the Sanlam Collective Investments scheme. Sources of Performance and Risk Data: Morningstar Direct, INET BFA and Bloomberg. The risk free asset assumed for the calculation of Sharpe ratios: STEFI Composite Index. The highest and lowest 12-month returns are based on a calendar year period over 10 years or since inception where the performance history does not exist for 10 years. Obtain a personalised cost estimate before investing by visiting www.sanlamunittrustsmdd.co.za and using our Effective Annual Cost (EAC) calculator. Alternatively, contact us at 0860 100 266.

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Portfolio Manager Quarterly Comment

Quarter to June 2025

Market review

Global markets

Following the sharp sell-off triggered by the Trump administration's "Liberation Day" tariff announcements on 2 April, global markets rebounded, ultimately delivering attractive second quarter returns. The initial shock—marked by a 12% drop in the S&P 500 and a spike in US Treasury yields—reversed as the White House changed course and softened its policy stance. By quarter end the MSCI World Index closed 11.5% higher. Emerging markets also delivered robust returns gaining 12.0% as the US dollar weakened notably, with the DXY index (a measure of the US dollar against a basket of currencies) lost 7.1%.

Friedrich Merz became Chancellor in Germany on 6 May following the Christian Democratic Union's election victory in February. The ruling coalition has signalled more conservative fiscal policies but also included a landmark commitment to increase defence spending by 1.5% of GDP. This helped deliver attractive returns by European defence and infrastructure-related equities. The European Central Bank cut rates by 25bps in June—its first move in the current cycle.

The Fed held rates steady as unemployment numbers were resilient and inflation remained somewhat above the targeted 2% level.

Israel launched an attack and the US bombed Iran's nuclear facilities. Despite the seriousness of these events, markets remained composed.

South African markets

Visible stress in the Government of National Unity (GNU) and the failure of the DA to vote for the budget on 2 April (hours before the US tariff announcements) resulted in weakness in SA fixed income and currency markets. This domestic shock was compounded by the much worse than expected tariff announcements later that same day out of the US. SA asset markets delivered attractive returns in the second quarter notwithstanding the inauspicious start. As the US softened its stance on tariffs, global risk sentiment improved. The eventual compromise between the GNU partners on the Division of Revenue Bill reassured investors that fiscal governance would not alter course drastically. Active lobbying by the SA Reserve Bank to reduce the inflation target helped anchor inflation expectations. These factors combined with a weaker dollar assisted domestic asset returns.

The SA equity market, as measured by the Capped SWIX, delivered strong returns in the second quarter gaining 9.7%. The FTSE/JSE Property Index gained 9.1% and the FTSE/JSE All Bond Index closed 5.9% higher. Domestic cash, as measured by the SteFI delivered 1.9%.

Portfolio review

It has indeed been a volatile first six months of the year. The uncertainty created by the delay in the implementation of the budget, the instability in the GNU and the potential negative impacts of the US tariff war has had a negative impact on both consumer and business confidence. Notwithstanding this, we have seen improved performance in Q2 with the portfolio outperforming its benchmark over the period. On a year-to-date basis the fund underperformed the benchmark due to a relatively tough Q1 (we had no exposure to gold shares that performed well in Q1).

As mentioned above, the Capped Swix was up 9.7% for the quarter. The SA Industrial sector led the charge rising 11.8%, while Resources and Financials rose 9.2% and 8.7% respectively. The performance between large, mid and small cap shares was not too dissimilar with the large cap index rising by 10.3%, followed by the mid cap index up 10% and small caps up 9.5%. The gold stocks had mixed performance for the quarter with Harmony **down** 7.3%, while Goldfields and AngloGold were up 2.6% and 16.9% respectively.

Several of our core holdings performed extremely well over the past quarter. The recent recovery in the platinum group metals (PGM's) on the back of concerns that the precious metals may move into deficits (demand exceeds supply) has resulted in Northam Platinum's share price rising by 46.4% over the quarter. Northam is one of the few platinum producers that is growing production in a constrained market. In addition, our holding in Ninety One is starting to contribute handsomely to performance. The share price is up 28.5% over the quarter. We have a high regard for the management team and believe it is substantially undervalued. Our large holdings in both Prosus and Naspers have both performed well, up 17.8% and 22.1% respectively. The recent capital markets day (CMD) that Prosus held for investors has reinforced our view that their e-commerce strategy will deliver substantial profits from the core businesses (Food Delivery, Classifieds and Payments) in three significant markets (Latin America, Europe and India) over the next few years.

The fund's offshore holdings in the two Denker Capital global funds also performed exceptionally well. On a year-to-date basis, the Denker Global Financial Fund has delivered more than double the return of the MSCI World Index. Our exposure to the Denker Global Equity Fund has added value relative

to the MSCI World Index over this period too. Finally, our direct holding in Oracle has performed exceptionally well. Oracle is up 57% in US dollars over the past quarter.

Whilst being mindful of the global risks that Trump's tariffs as well as his "big, beautiful bill" poses to the global growth and inflation outlook as well as the need for our GNU to work constructively on implementing pro-growth policies, we continue to see opportunities in both the local and global markets to generate attractive returns for our clients. However, with the strong recovery in markets in H2 2024, coupled with the 2025 year to date performance, we have tempered our return expectations for the remainder of the year.

Portfolio Manager

Claude van Cuyck
 B.Comm. (Honours), CFA®