### Denker SCI\* Global Dividend Feeder Fund

### **Minimum Disclosure Document**

### As of 30/06/2021

**Fund Objective** 



The objective of this feeder fund is to generate a growing stream of dividend income for investors through investing in equities, while at the same time pursuing moderate growth in the capital invested. The portfolio primarily invests in participatory interests of the FSCA approved Denker Global Dividend Fund, a sub-fund of the Irish domiciled Sanlam Universal Funds plc. The portfolio may also hold ancillary liquid assets including cash and/

### **Fund Strategy**

or money market instruments.

The manager strives to achieve the fund objective through investing in the shares of companies that are offering relatively high dividend yields and are well established, have healthy balance sheets, generate strong cash flows and have demonstrated a commitment to paying regular dividends. This portfolio may also invest in financial instruments for the exclusive purpose of hedging exchange rate risks.

### **Tax Free Savings Account**

This Fund qualifies as a tax free investment according to section 12T of the Income Tax Act, with effect from 1 March 2015. South African individuals qualify for the associated tax benefits namely no tax on dividends, income or capital gains whilst still enjoying all the benefits of a unit trust. Note contributions to tax free investments are limited to R36 000 per tax year, with a lifetime limit of R500 000. Amounts invested in excess of these permissible thresholds are taxable.

### **Fund Information**

Ticker	SGEA1	
Portfolio Manager	Douw Steenekamp	
ASISA Fund Classification	Global - Equity - General	
Risk Profile	Aggressive	
Benchmark	Composite: Annualised Yield of MSCI World High	
	Dividend Yield Index & US CPI	
Fund Size	R 47,134,856	
Portfolio Launch Date	04/06/2013	
Fee Class Launch Date	03/06/2013	
Minimum Lump Sum Investmen	t R 10,000	
Minimum Monthly Investment	R 500	
Income Declaration Date	June & December	
Income Pricing Date	2nd business day of July & January	
Portfolio Valuation Time	15:00	
Transaction Cut Off Time	15:00	
Daily Price Information	Local media & www.sanlamunittrusts.co.za	
Repurchase Period	3 business days	

Fees (Incl. VAT)	A1-Class (%)
Maximum Initial Advice Fee	3.45
Maximum Annual Advice Fee	1.15
Manager Annual Fee	0.86
TER	1.94
TC	0.20
TIC	2.14
TER Measurement Period	01 April 2018 - 31 March 2021

Total Expense Ratio (TER) is the percentage value of the Financial Product that was incurred as expenses relating to the administration of the Financial Product. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER may not necessarily be an accurate indication of future TER's.

Transaction Cost (TC) is the percentage value of the Financial Product that was incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the assets underlying the Financial Product. Transaction Costs are a necessary cost in administering the Financial Product and impacts Financial Product returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Financial Product, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

Total Investment Charges (TER + TC) is the total percentage value of the Financial Product that was incurred as costs relating to the investment of the Financial Product.

## MDD Issue Date: 23/07/2021 Top Ten Holdings (%)

rop ron riolanigo	(70)
Portfolio Date	30/06/2021
Procter & Gamble	5.15
Roche Holding	4.42
Cisco	3.61
Novartis	3.61
JP Morgan	3.56
Verizon	3.43
PepsiCo	3.37
Lockheed Martin	3.33
Philip Morris International	3.24
Broadcom Inc.	2.71

These are the top holdings of the offshore fund in which this feeder fund invests.

### Asset Allocation

Portfolio Date: 30/06/2021

Total	100.00
<ul><li>Asia (Developed Markets)</li></ul>	2.48
<ul><li>Europe (Developed Markets)</li></ul>	22.55
<ul><li>North America</li></ul>	57.55
<ul><li>United Kingdom</li></ul>	17.42
	%

### Annualised Performance (%)

	Fund	Benchmark
1 Year	3.88	-11.55
3 Years	4.12	6.80
5 Years	3.89	4.60
Since Inception	8.84	9.58

### **Cumulative Performance (%)**

	Fund	Benchmark
1 Year	3.88	-11.55
3 Years	12.89	21.83
5 Years	21.04	25.23
Since Inception	98.44	111.26

### **Highest and Lowest Annual Returns**

Time Period: Since Inception to 31/12/2020	
Highest Annual %	41.49
Lowest Annual %	-14.12

### **Risk Statistics (3 Year Rolling)**

Standard Deviation	16.67
Sharpe Ratio	-0.03
Information Ratio	-0.12
Maximum Drawdown	-15.35

### **Distribution History (Cents Per Unit)**

30/06/2021	16.69 cpu	31/12/2019	42.20 cpu
31/12/2020	29.42 cpu	30/06/2019	24.41 cpu
30/06/2020	29.18 cpu	31/12/2018	32.18 cpu

Administered by



<sup>\*</sup>Denker Sanlam Collective Investments Global Dividend Feeder Fund.

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# **DENKER**

### **Risk Profile**

### Aggressive

This is an aggressively managed, high-risk portfolio that aims to deliver capital growth over the long term (greater than 5 years). It is designed to substantially outperform the markets and therefore carries a long-term investment horizon (5 years and upwards). The portfolio will be diversified across all major asset classes with significant exposure to equities, and may include offshore equities. There may be some capital volatility in the short term, although higher returns may be expected from five years or beyond.

### **Risk Considerations**

- The fund is focused on investment in global listed companies; accordingly the performance of the fund is directly linked to the performance of the global equity
- Investing in international companies means the currency exchange rate fluctuations will have an impact on the fund's investment performance.
- As the SA Rand can be a volatile currency, this could lead to significant fluctuations in the rand value of this fund.

### **Glossary Terms**

### Annualised Returns

Annualised return is the weighted average compound growth rate over the period measured.

Asset allocation is the percentage holding in different asset classes (i.e. equities, bonds, property, etc.). It is used to determine the level of diversification in a portfolio.

Capital Growth
Capital growth is the profit made on an investment, measured by the increase in its market value over the invested amount or cost price. It is also called capital appreciation

A debt instrument (e.g. a bond) is an electronic promise to repay a debt. It is issued by a corporation or government and sold to investors. A bond is an interest-bearing debt instrument, traditionally issued by government as part of their budget funding sources, and now also issued by local authorities (municipalities), parastatals (Eskom) and companies. Bond issuers pay interest to the bondholder every 6 months. The price/ value of a bond has an inverse relationship to the prevailing interest rate, so if the interest rate goes up, the value goes down, and vice versa. Bonds generally have a lower risk than shares because the holder has the security of knowing that it will be repaid in full by government at a specific time in the future.

The income that is generated from an investment and given to investors through monthly, quarterly, bi-annual or annual distribution pay-outs

The investor's share of a company's profits, given to him or her as a part-owner of the company

Equities are shares that represent an institution's or individual's ownership in a listed company. These shares are also the "vehicle" through which they are able to "share" in the profits made by that company. As the company grows, and the expectation of improved profits increases, the market price of the share will increase which translates into a capital gain for the shareholder. Similarly, negative sentiment about the company will result in the share price falling. Shares / equities are usually considered to have the potential for the highest return of all the investment classes but also have the highest level of risk i.e. share investments have the most volatile returns over the short term. An investment in equities should be viewed with a 7 to 10 vear horizon.

### Feeder Fund

A feeder fund is a South African-based fund that feeds exclusively into its primary foreign-based fund. It allows investors easy access to investing in an offshore fund, eliminating complicated tax and other implications. The shares of the feeder fund represent shares in the primary fund (called a master fund).

The Information Ratio measures the market risk-adjusted performance of an investment or portfolio. The greater a portfolio's Information Ratio, the better its risk-adjusted performance has been compared to the market in general.

The maximum drawdown measures the highest peak to trough loss experienced by the fund.

### Money Market Instruments

A money market instrument is a low risk, highly liquid, short-term (one year or less) debt instrument, issued by financial institutions or governments, that tend to have lower returns than high-risk investments.

### Sharpe Ratio

The Sharpe Ratio measures total risk-adjusted performance of an investment or portfolio. It measures the amount of risk associated with the returns generated by the portfolio and indicates whether a portfolio's returns are due to excessive risk or not. The greater a portfolio's Sharpe ratio, the better its risk-adjusted performance has been (i.e. a higher return with a contained risk profile, where the portfolio manager is not taking excessive risk to achieve those returns).

### Standard Deviation

Standard deviation (also called monthly volatility) is a measure of how much returns on an investment change from month to month. It is typically used by investors to gauge the volatility expected of an

### Additional Information

All reasonable steps have been taken to ensure the information on this MDD is accurate. The information to follow does not constitute financial advice as contemplated in terms of the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act. Use or rely on this information at your own risk. Independent professional financial advice should always be sought before making an investment decision. The Sanlam Group is a full member of the Association for Savings and Investment SA. Collective investment schemes are generally medium- to long-term investments. Please note that past performances are not necessarily a guide to future performances, and that the value of investments / units / unit trusts may go down as well as up. A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the Manager. Sanlam Collective Investments (RF) Pty Ltd, a registered and approved Manager in Collective Investment Schemes in Securities. Additional information of the proposed investment, including brochures, application forms and annual or quarterly reports, can be obtained on request from the Manager, free of charge. Collective investments are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Collective investments are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any deductible expenses such as audit fees, brokerage and service fees. Actual investment performance of the portfolio and the investor will differ depending on the initial fees applicable, the actual investment date, and the date of reinvestment of income as well as dividend withholding tax. Forward pricing is used. The Manager does not provide any guarantee either with respect to the capital or the return of a portfolio. The performance of the portfolio depends on the underlying assets and variable market factors. Performance is based on NAV to NAV calculations with income reinvestments done on the ex-div date. Lump sum investment performances are quoted. The portfolio may invest in participatory interests of other unit trust portfolios. These underlying funds levy their own fees, and may result in a higher fee structure for our portfolio. All the portfolio options presented are approved collective investment schemes in terms of Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, No 45 of 2002 ("CISCA"). The Manager may borrow up to 10% the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. The fund may from time to time invest in foreign countries and therefore it may have risks regarding liquidity, the repatriation of funds, political and macroeconomic situations, foreign exchange, tax, settlement, and the availability of information. A feeder fund is a portfolio that invests in a single portfolio of a collective investment scheme, which levies its own charges and which could result in a higher fee structure for the feeder fund. Investments in foreign instruments are also subject to fluctuations in exchange rates which may cause the value of the fund to go up or down. The fund may invest in financial instruments (derivatives) for efficient portfolio management purposes. The Manager has the right to close any portfolios to new investors to manage them more efficiently in accordance with their mandates. Management of the portfolio is outsourced to Denker Capital (Pty) Ltd, (FSP) Licence No. 47075, an Authorised Financial Services Provider under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act, 2002. Sanlam Collective Investments (RF) (Pty) Ltd retains full legal responsibility for the co-named portfolio. Standard Bank of South Africa Ltd is Litd retains full legal responsibility for the co-named portrollo. Standard Bank of South Africa Ltd is the appointed trustee of the Sanlam Collective Investments scheme. Sources of Performance and Risk Data: Morningstar Direct, INET BFA and Bloomberg. The risk free asset assumed for the calculation of Sharpe ratios: STEFI Composite Index. The highest and lowest 12- month returns are based on a calendar year period over 10 years or since inception where the performance history does not exist for 10 years. Obtain a personalised cost estimate before investing by visiting www.sanlamunittrustsmdd.co.za and using our Effective Annual Cost (EAC) calculator. Alternatively, contact us at 0860 100 266

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### **Portfolio Manager Quarterly Comment**

### Quarter to June 2021

### Market review

The MSCI World Index once again delivered good performance as investors earned 7.7% for the quarter in US dollars. The yield on 10-year US bonds fell from 1.74% at the end of Q1 back to 1.43% at the end of Q2; reversing some of the first quarter's upward movements. Interestingly, inflation expectations moderated somewhat in the second quarter. However, a more detailed analysis of the options in the bond market reveals that the market is more worried about higher inflation even though moderate inflation remains the most likely outcome.

The lower 10-year yield (and the impact of lower discount rates on the valuations of companies with high growth expectations) helped growth stocks to outperform value stocks. This was also the main driver of equity returns at a sector level. Information technology (+11.5%), communication services (+9.2%) and health care (+9.3%) outperformed, while financials (+6.6%), materials (+5.3%) and industrials (+4.6%) lagged.

Given the number of vaccines administered to its population, the US seems to have, more or less, resumed normal life. Data on the US economy continues to show signs of robust recovery, a strong labour market and some inflation – at this point the Federal Reserve deems this pricing pressure to be transitory. The UK has also had much success with its vaccination program. At the end of the second quarter, there were once again relatively large numbers of Covid-19 cases (with the Delta variant responsible for almost all new cases). However, the number of people hospitalised was less than in the previous waves. 'Freedom Day', the name given to the day when all Covid-19 lockdown restrictions will be lifted and life is expected to return to normal, is expected to be 19 July.

### Portfolio review

During the second quarter the MSCI World High Dividend Yield Index gained 4%, lagging the MSCI World Index. The fund's performance was positive, but trailed its benchmark, mainly due to the overweight positions in financials and consumer discretionary sectors, which were the best performing sectors last quarter. The largest contributions to good relative performance came from the utilities, health care and information technology sectors.

Top performance contributors for the quarter included: Roche (+16%), which benefited from higher sentiment towards the pharmaceutical sector, continued good performance from its diagnostic business, biosimilar impact abating and good pipeline prospects; Philip Morris (+13%), which is growing top line and free cash flow, strongly helped by robust sales from heated tobacco units and a good recovery after the impact of last year's lockdowns; and Watsco (+10%), which continues to execute excellently and deliver above market results.

Notable detractors from the fund's returns this quarter were: Taylor Wimpey (-10%), where there remains some scepticism on the company's ability to deliver on the margin targets despite continued improvement in near-term trends in the sector; IG Group (-6%), which completed the acquisition of tastytrade in the quarter; and Legal & General (-3%).

Portfolio Manager Douw Steenekamp B. Compt (Hons), CA (SA)