

Minimum Disclosure Document

(Fund Fact Sheet)

Graviton SCI Medium Equity Fund

30 June 2025

Fund Details

ASISA Fund Classification SA Multi Asset Medium Equity

CPI+4% Benchmark Risk profile Moderate Portfolio Launch date 02 May 2013 Class Launch date 01 June 2013 Fund size R 850 million Portfolio Manager Lehan Kruger Income decl. dates 30/06 | 31/12 Income price dates 1st working day

Portfolio valuation time 17:00 Transaction cut off time 15:00

Daily price information The Local newspaper and www.sanlamunittrusts.co.za

Repurchase period 3 working days

Fund Objective

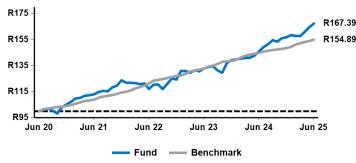
The objective of this fund is to provide investors with a steady capital growth and to offer a return of at least inflation Plus 4% over a rolling threeyear period. The fund will aim to never have a negative return over any one-year period.

Fund Strategy

The fund will invest in a combination of equities, bonds, market money instruments, listed property as well international equities and fixed interest investments. The fund will be managed in accordance with regulations governing pension funds and the equity exposure will not exceed 60%. The fund may invest in collective investment schemes as well as listed and unlisted financial instruments (derivatives) for efficient portfolio management. The exposure to foreign assets is limited to 45%

Cumulative performance since launch

Growth of R100 investment



Source: © Morningstar, dates to 30.06.2025

Top 10 Fund Allocations	
Medium Equity Enhanced Tracker	49.20%
SMM Flexible Equity (Truffle)	5.30%
Amplify SCI Global Equity FF (Sarofim)	5.00%
Bateleur Flexible	4.80%
Amplify SCI Flexible Equity (Abax)	4.30%
Ninety One Global Franchise Feeder	4.00%
SMM Bond (Prescient Bond Quant Plus)	4.00%
Aylett Flexible	3.90%
Granate BCI Flexible	3.80%
Prescient Flexible Bond	3.40%

Sanlam Collective Investments (SCI*)

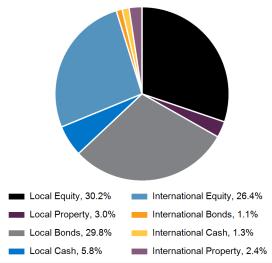
Issue date: 11 July 2025

Investor Profile

Fund is suitable for an investor seeking:

- 1. Preservation of capital in real terms
- 2. Capital growth with volatility levels lower than a balanced fund
- 3. Capital growth with a 5 year minimum investment horizon

Asset Allocation



Performance (Annualised) as at 30 Jun 2025			
Retail-class	Fund	Benchmark	
1 Year	14.73%	7.02%	
3 Year	12.63%	8.49%	
5 Year	10.85%	9.14%	
10 Year	7.61%	8.83%	

An annualised rate of return per year, measured over a period either longer or shorter than one year, such as a month, or two years, annualised for comparison with a one-year return.

Performance (Cumulative) as at 30 Jun 2025		
Retail-class	Fund	Benchmark
1 Year	14.73%	7.02%
3 Year	42.87%	27.71%
5 Year	67.39%	54.89%
10 Year	108.22%	133.05%

Cumulative return is the aggregate return of the portfolio for a specified period.

Risk statistics (since launch)		
Retail-class	Fund	
Standard deviation (annualised)	6.91%	
% Positive months	66.21%	
Maximum drawdown	-10.83%	
Sharpe ratio	0.20	

Bi-annually distributions		
Retail-class	Cents per unit	
30-Jun-25	29.66	
31-Dec-24	27.69	
Actual highest and lowest annual returns*		
Highest Annual %	22.75	

-5.73

Lowest Annual %

CLIENT CONTACT CENTRE



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Fees (excl VAT)	Retail-class
Initial fee	0.00%
Advice Annual fee	Neg.*
Annual Management fee*	1.25%
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	1.54%

^{*} Advice fee | Any advice fee is negotiable between the client and their financial advisor. An annual advice fee negotiated is paid via a repurchase of units from the investor.

Obtain a personalised cost estimate before investing by visiting www.sanlamunittrustsmdd.co.za and using our Effective Annual Cost (EAC) calculator. Alternatively, contact us at 0860 100 266.

PERIOD: 01 April 2022 to 31 March 2025

Total Expense Ratio (TER) | 1.54% of the value of the Financial Product was incurred as expenses relating to the administration of the Financial Product. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER may not necessarily be an accurate indication of future TER's.

Transaction Cost (TC) | 0.13% of the value of the Financial Product was incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the assets underlying the Financial Product. Transaction Costs are a necessary cost in administering the Financial Product and impacts Financial Product returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Financial Product, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

Total Investment Charges (TER + TC) | 1.67% of the value of the Financial Product was incurred as costs relating to the investment of the Financial Product.

*Effective 1 December 2024, SCI will charge a monthly administration fee of R23 (VAT inclusive) on retail investors whose total investment value is less than R50 000. Clients with an active recurring monthly debit order will not be levied this fee.

The fund manager may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. Fluctuations or movements in exchange rates may cause the value of underlying international investments to go up or down.

Portfolio Manager(s) Quarterly comment

US non-farm payrolls increased slightly in May, with job gains continuing but at a slower pace than in April. The US and China, the world's two largest economies, met in London to advance trade discussions. They aimed to build mutual understanding, strengthen co-operation, and reduce miscommunication. The OECD forecasts a slowdown in global economic growth in 2025 and 2026, primarily due to weaker performance in certain countries. SA's headline Producer Price Index (PPI) declined in May, while Consumer Price Inflation (CPI) remained steady. SA's GDP posted modest growth in the first quarter of 2025.

Developed market (DM) equities maintained their positive momentum into June, when the MSCI World Index ended at 4.32% month-on-month (m/m) in US dollars. Equity markets had a brief pullback mid-month as conflict between Israel and Iran escalated, and the US got involved. Ultimately, the conflict de-escalated, and equities resumed their gains into month-end. Emerging market (EM) stocks also had a strong run in June, when the MSCI EM posted the biggest gains at 6.14% m/m in US dollars. The S&P 500 followed suit, ending at 5.08% m/m in US dollars. Global property posted gains of 1.04% m/m for June, and global bonds posted gains of 1.89% m/m over the same period, both in US dollars. The FTSE 100 Index gained 0.48% m/m in pounds, but the Euro Stoxx 50 Index lost -1.10% m/m in pounds. The Dow Jones Index was also positive for the month, at 4.47% m/m in US dollars. Japan's benchmark Nikkei Index continued May's gains into June, ending the month at 6.77% m/m in yen.

South African equity markets had a solid end to the first half of 2025, when the FTSE/JSE All Share Index ended at 2.35% m/m in rand terms. Industrials and Property were both in negative territory in June, ending at -0.97% m/m and -0.87% m/m respectively. Resources posted the biggest gains for the month at 4.23% m/m, while Financials and Cash posted gains of 1.20% m/m and 0.60% m/m. The bond market was positive for short, medium-, and long-term bonds, with the FTSE/JSE All Bond Index ending the month positively at 2.28% m/m. Bonds of 1-3 years were positive at 0.87% m/m along with bonds of 3-7 years at 1.75% m/m. Bonds of 7-12 years were positive at 2.33% m/m, and bonds of 12 years and above ended positively at 3.20% m/m. The rand strengthened against the US dollar by 1.61% m/m, but weakened against the euro by -1.73% m/m, and against the pound by -0.01% m/m.

Risk Profile (Moderate)

In this portfolio, capital growth is of primary importance and results in a higher allocation to equities. The portfolio may display capital fluctuations over the shorter term, however, volatility levels should be lower than a pure equity fund. While diversified across all the major asset classes, this portfolio is tilted more towards equities and other risky asset classes to ensure the best long-term returns of all the asset classes. Fixed income positions are minimized.

Portfolio Manager(s)

Lehan Kruger

BCom (Hons) Investment Management Chartered Financial Analyst®

Portfolio Manager Disclaimer

The management of the fund is outsourced to Graviton Financial Partners (Pty) Ltd, (FSP) Licence No. 4210, an authorised Financial Services Provider in terms of the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act, 2002

Issue date: 11 July 2025

POSTAL ADDRESS:

^{*} This fund is also available via certain LISPS (Linked Investment Services Providers), who levy their own fees.



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30 June 2025

Trustee Information

Standard Bank of South Africa Ltd

Tel: +27 (21) 401-2002, E-mail: Compliance-SANLAM@standardbank.co.za

Additional Information

All reasonable steps have been taken to ensure the information on this MDD is accurate. The information to follow does not constitute financial advice as contemplated in terms of the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act. Use or rely on this information at your own risk. Independent professional financial advice should always be sought before making an investment decision.

The Sanlam Group is a full member of the Association for Savings and Investment SA. Collective investment schemes are generally medium- to long-term investments. Please note that past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance, and that the value of investments / units / unit trusts may go down as well as up. A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available from the Manager, Sanlam Collective Investments (RF) Pty Ltd, a registered and approved Manager in Collective Investment Schemes in Securities. Additional information of the proposed investment, including brochures, application forms and annual or quarterly reports, can be obtained from the Manager, free of charge. Collective investments are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Collective investments are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any deductible expenses such as audit fees, brokerage and service fees. Actual investment performance of the portfolio and the investor will differ depending on the initial fees applicable, the actual investment date, and the date of reinvestment of income as well as dividend withholding tax. Forward pricing is used. The Manager does not provide any guarantee either with respect to the capital or the return of a portfolio. The performance of the portfolio depends on the underlying assets and variable market factors. Performance is based on NAV to NAV calculations with income reinvestments done on the ex-div date. Lump sum investment performances are quoted. The portfolio may invest in other unit trust portfolios which levy their own fees, and may result is a higher fee structure for our portfolio. All the portfolio options presented are approved collective investment schemes in terms of Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, No 45 of 2002 ("CISCA"). The fund may from time to time invest in foreign countries and therefore it may have risks regarding liquidity, the repatriation of funds, political and macroeconomic situations, foreign exchange, tax, settlement, and the availability of information. The Manager has the right to close any portfolios to new investors to manage them more efficiently in accordance with their mandates. The portfolio management of all the portfolios is outsourced to financial services providers authorized in terms of the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act, 2002. Standard Bank of South Africa Ltd is the appointed trustee of the Sanlam Collective Investments Scheme. The Manager retains full responsibility for the co-named portfolio.

Graviton is responsible for the management of the investments held in the Fund. The management of investments are outsourced to Sanlam Multi Managers International (Pty) Ltd (FSP) Licence No. 845, an Authorised Financial Services Provider under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act, 2002.

* The highest and lowest 12 month returns are based on a 12 month rolling period over 10 years or since inception where the performance history does not exist for 10 years.

Performance figures are sourced from Morningstar.

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Glossary of Terms

Annualised total returns

Annualised return is the weighted average compound growth rate over the period measured.

Capital growth

Capital growth is the profit made on an investment, measured by the increase in its market value over the invested amount or cost price. It is also called capital appreciation.

Diversification

This is a strategy designed to reduce risk within a portfolio by combining a variety of investments (or asset classes) such as equities, bonds, cash or property, which are unlikely to all move in the same direction. This is designed to reduce the risk (and protect against capital losses) within a portfolio. Diversification allows for more consistent performance under a wide range of economic conditions as it smoothes out the impact of negative market events. The positive performance of some investments or asset classes should neutralize the negative performance of others.

Multi-managed solution

Multi-managed investing combines a range of investment managers with complementary styles, across different asset classes. The risk of the investors' portfolios is reduced as a result, without impacting on the overall long-term returns.

It is based on the premise that no one manager is likely to perform well in all market conditions and all circumstances.

Passive Balanced Strategy

The Passive Balanced strategy comprises passive asset classes using index funds, with dynamic allocation towards each asset class.

Regulation 28 Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act sets out prudent investment limits on certain asset classes in investment funds. It applies specifically to investments in Retirement Annuities and Preservation Funds. The allowed maximum exposures to certain asset classes is: 75% for equities

25% for property 45% for foreign (offshore) assets

The Sharpe ratio measures risk-adjusted performance of an investment or portfolio. It measures the amount of risk associated with the returns generated by the portfolio and indicates whether a portfolio's returns are due to excessive risk or not. The greater a portfolio's Sharpe ratio, the better its risk-adjusted performance has been (i.e. a higher return with a contained risk profile, where the portfolio manager is not taking excessive risk to achieve those returns).

Standard deviation

Standard deviation (also called monthly volatility) is a measure of how much the returns on an investment change from month to month. It is typically used by investors to gauge the amount of expected volatility in an investment.

Tax Free Unit Trust

This fund qualifies as a tax free investment according to section 12T of the Income Tax Act, with effect from 1 March 2015. South African individuals qualify for the associated tax benefits namely no tax on dividends, income or capital gains whilst still enjoying all the benefits of a unit trust. Note contributions to tax free investments are limited to R36 000 per tax year, with a lifetime limit of R500 000. Amounts invested in excess of these permissible thresholds are taxable.

Total Expense Ratio (TER)

This refers to the total costs associated with managing and operating an investment's administration, financial planning and servicing fees. Costs consist of management fees and expenses such as trading, legal and auditor fees and other operational expenses. The total cost of the fund is divided by the fund's total assets under management to arrive at a percentage amount, which represents the TER.